Exercise 43

Prove that $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \ln x = -\infty$.

Solution

According to Definition 4 and Definition 7, proving this infinite limit is logically equivalent to proving that

if $0 < x < 0 + \delta$ then $\ln x < N$,

where N is any negative number. Start by working backwards, looking for a number δ that's greater than x.

$$\ln x < N$$
$$e^{\ln x} < e^{N}$$
$$x < e^{N}$$

Choose $\delta = e^N$. The hypothesis then becomes

$$0 < x < 0 + \delta$$
$$x < \delta$$
$$x < e^{N}$$
$$\ln x < \ln e^{N}$$
$$\ln x < N \ln e$$
$$\ln x < N.$$

Therefore, by the precise definition of a limit,

 $\lim_{x\to 0^+} \ln x = -\infty.$

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